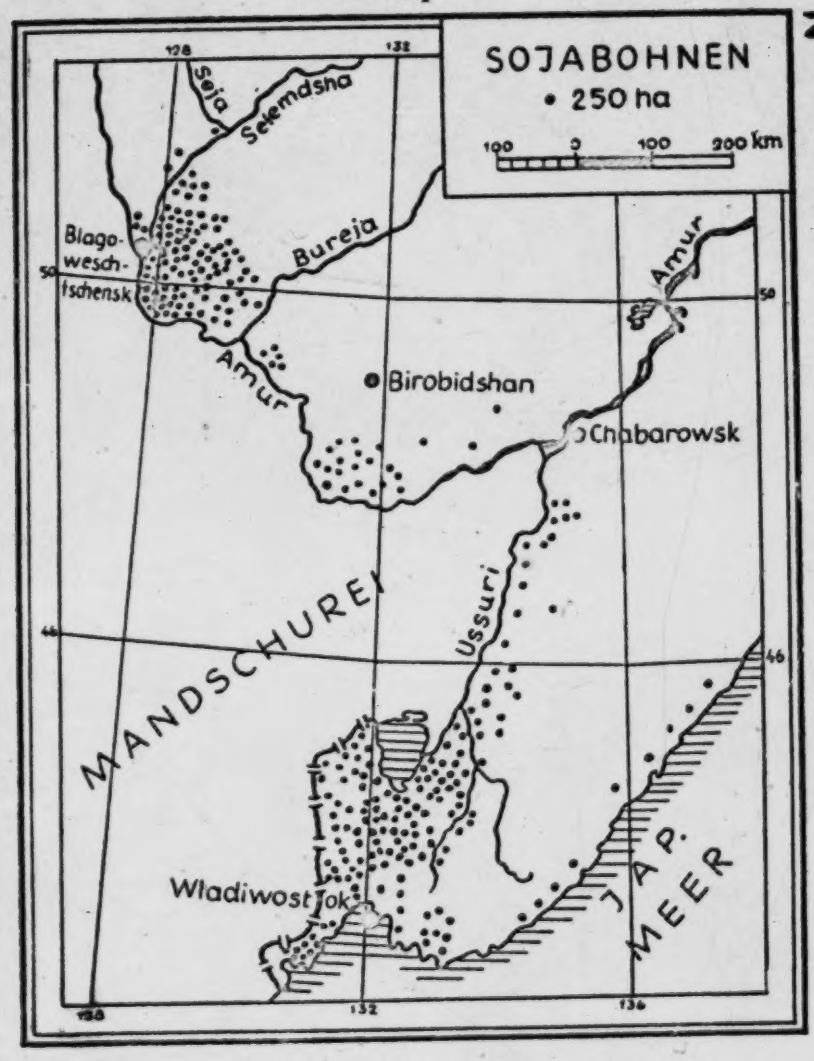
Sketch Map

244●



● Cultivation of Soya bean Plants

137 bamboos (Sasa Kurilensis), which, however, are limited to the western mountain range. This is the only region in the Soviet Union in which bamboo grows wild. In places the bamboo forms a thicket which appears almost tropical and which is difficult to get through.

563 162 231 The native population in northern Sakhalin is very small in number and comprises some thousand Gilyak and Orok. The Gilyak reside more at the mouths of rivers on the coast and provide for themselves by fishing and hunting. The Orok occupy themselves principally with the breeding of reindeer; for this they wander as nomads, even though within narrow borders, between the moss steppes in summer and the border regions of the taiga. The number of reindeer is modest.

563 162 The Russian population in northern Sakhalin has increased many times in number in the last three decades. In 1926 it was estimated to be 20,000, but already before World War II it grew more 361 than 100,000, and since then it has further increased. The population is concentrated essentially in three areas: Aleksandrovsk and the western coastal strip, /281/ which is made prominent economically by its coal mining, then the oil district in the north and on the northeastern coast; and, finally, in the valley of the Tym' and Poronay, which has a smaller percentage of the population. The population here is more agricultural. In general, however, the agrarian economy 433 is still little developed. In the last few years the Soviet administration has striven to ensure food for the industrial population both in the coal oil regions at least in part from local production. To be sure, the areas under cultivation are planted with bread grains, especially in the protected longitudinal valley, where there is a large number of kolkhoz and sovkhoz; however, the production yields only slight surpluses. In the other regions the climatic conditions are too unfavorable to be able to develop cultivation of grain in a grand style here. On • 244 the other hand, it is different with the cultivation of potatoes, cabbage, and vegetables. Great successes are to be recorded in this connection. Especially prominent are the high yields of the potato harvests. On the basis of this experience a transition has been made in very recent times--apart from supplying the necessary potatoes for human nourishment--to enlarging the cultivation of potatoes in a planned fashion and to developing the breeding of pigs on a large scale on the basis of this. There are numerous reports of success on this.

361 The capital of northern Sakhalin (the capital of the oblast is now Yuzhno-Sakhalinsk) is Aleksandrovsk, which has approximately 20,000 inhabitants. It is the export harbor of the coal region. The